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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/649,307	08/26/2003	Masanori Honda	16869N-091900US	5407
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TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER EIGHTH FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834			TAN, ALVIN H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2173	

DATE MAILED: 06/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Office Action Summary**

Application No.

10/649,307

Applicant(s)

HONDA ET AL.

Examiner

Alvin H. Tan

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– The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address –

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 October 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-14 and 16-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-14 and 16-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 26 August 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                        | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)                     |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)               | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____  |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/1/04</u> .   | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                    |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Remarks***

1. Claims 1-20 have been examined and rejected. This document is the first Office action on the merits.

### ***Drawings***

2. Figures 1, 13, and 14 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g).
3. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: Reference character "1220" mentioned on *[page 21, line 7]*.
4. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of

any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

***Specification***

5. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
  - a. On *[page 2, line 1]*, examiner suggests changing “efficiency” to --efficiently--.
  - b. On *[page 4-5, descriptions of figures]*, examiner suggests changing “according one embodiment” to --according to one embodiment--.
  - c. On *[page 5, line 1]*, examiner suggests changing “FIG. 4” to --FIGS. 4A and 4B--.
  - d. On *[page 5, line 11]*, examiner suggests changing “FIG. 9” to --FIGS. 9A and 9B--.
  - e. On *[page 6, line 15]*, examiner suggests changing “may a” to --may be a--.
  - f. On *[page 7, line 15]*, examiner suggests changing “As regards job” to --In regards to--.
  - g. On *[page 14, line 18]*, examiner suggests changing “FIG. 4” to --FIGS. 4A and 4B--.
  - h. On *[page 15, line 8]*, examiner suggests changing “definition 50” to --definition 250--.
  - i. On *[page 15, line 8]*, examiner suggests changing “FIG. 5 or FIG. 6” to --FIG. 5 and FIG. 6--.

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- j. On [page 17, line 19], examiner suggests changing "FIG. 9 shows" to --  
FIGS. 9A and 9B show--.
- k. On [page 26, last sentence], examiner suggests eliminating the word  
"managed" at the end of the sentence.

Appropriate correction is required.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 7. Claims 3, 13, 16-20 with respect to 16, 18 and 20 are rejected under 35  
U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and  
distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- a. Claim 3 recites the limitation "the file" in [line 3] of the claim. There is  
insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- b. Claim 13 recites the limitation "the contents" in [line 4] of the claim. There  
is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- c. Claim 16 recites the limitations "the job" in [line 3], "the information" in [line  
5], and "the information set" in [lines 13-14] of the claim. There is  
insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

- d. Claim 18 recites the limitations "the contents" in *[lines 2-3]*, "the information" in *[line 3]*, and "the information" in *[line 4]* of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- e. Claim 20 recites the limitations "the information" in *[line 2]* and "the information" in *[line 3]* of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101***

8. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

9. Claims 1-6 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 1-6 and 12 are not limited to tangible embodiments. In view of Applicant's disclosure, specification *[page 3, paragraph 2, last sentence]*, applicant states, "The user interface may be such a window or may be based on perception in any of the five sense including hearing." Thus, a person may carry out the method and system as described in claims 1-6 and 12 without the need for hardware. As such, the claim is not limited to statutory subject matter and is therefore non-statutory.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

10. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

11. Claims 1-5, 9-14, 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Park et al (Pub. No US 2001/0039594 A1).

#### **Claims 1-5, 9**

11-1. Regarding claim 1, Park anticipates the claim of a job management method comprising storing a stencil for a job definition statement, by teaching a template script contained within a workflow template file *[paragraph 56, lines 5-7]* along with workflow markup that sets the workflow rules *[paragraph 44, lines 1-3]* used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates data prescribing a user interface for job definition statement setup, by teaching that a job may be created through end-user input from a browser interface *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates generating data for executing a process for generating a job definition statement based on contents set by a user via the user interface in accordance with the stencil for the job definition statement and the data prescribing the user interface for job definition statement setup and generating the job definition statement by executing the process in accordance with the generated data, by teaching

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a technique for creating a job that automatically generates separate job specification files for each distinct set of user inputs *[paragraph 41, lines 15-18]* by using a workflow template file (containing a template script and workflow markup) along with user input *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

11-2. Regarding claim 2, Park anticipates the claim of the method wherein the stencil for the job definition statement is written in XML format, by teaching that the workflow template file containing the workflow markup and template script elements used to define the workflow markups is an XML file *[paragraph 41, lines 2-3]*.

11-3. Regarding claim 3, Park teaches the claim of the method wherein the data prescribing the user interface for setting the job definition statement is written in XML format and positioned in a file in which the stencil for the job definition statement is written, by teaching that a job may be created through a combination of workflow rules defined in a workflow template file (e.g., an XML file) and end-user input from the browser interface. The workflow rules of the template and user input may be interpreted by a common gateway interface to dynamically create a job specification file *[paragraph 41, lines 4-13]*. Based on the workflow markup, the instantiator CGI creates one or more workflow forms into which a user can enter workflow configuration information via the browser *[paragraph 52, lines 1-4]*. The template script and workflow markup that make up the stencil are contained within the workflow template file *[paragraph 56, lines 5-7]*.



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11-4. Regarding claim 4, Park anticipates the claim of the method wherein the user interface is capable of opening a window, which is organized to prompt a user for setup, in order to prompt the user to set the job definition statement, by teaching a browser interface GUI that lets a user select a workflow template, such as from a menu item *[paragraph 50, lines 1-3]*.

11-5. Regarding claim 5, Park anticipates the claim of the method wherein the data prescribing the user interface for setting the job definition statement contains control data for specifying whether the window should display user-definable options, by teaching that a workflow template file can contain <template\_script> elements, including a set of directives to define the workflow markups *[paragraph 56, lines 5-7]*. The template scripts may modify the workflow forms, onto which a user can enter configuration information to create a job specification *[paragraph 52, lines 1-4]*.

11-6. Regarding claim 9, Park anticipates the claim of the method wherein the job definition statement contains a definition statement for setting a job network that executes a stream of a plurality of jobs, by teaching a <submittask> element that may perform a submit operation (to a staging area) on its contained files. If successful, specified successor tasks may be signaled *[paragraph 37, lines 14-16]*. Thus, a plurality of jobs would be executed after the current task is completed.

### **Claims 10-11**

11-7. Regarding claim 10, it is similar to claim 1 except that it claims a system instead of a method. Therefore, it is rejected under the same reasons as claim 1 above. See section 9-1.

Park anticipates the claim of a system comprising storing a stencil for a job definition statement, by teaching a template script contained within a workflow template file *[paragraph 56, lines 5-7]* along with workflow markup that sets the workflow rules *[paragraph 44, lines 1-3]* used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates data prescribing a user interface for job definition statement setup, by teaching that a job may be created through end-user input from a browser interface *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates generating data for executing a process for generating a job definition statement based on contents set by a user via the user interface in accordance with the stencil for the job definition statement and the data prescribing the user interface for job definition statement setup and generating the job definition statement by executing the process in accordance with the generated data, by teaching a technique for creating a job that automatically generates separate job specification files for each distinct set of user inputs *[paragraph 41, lines 15-18]* by using a workflow template file (containing a template script and workflow markup) along with user input *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

11-8. Regarding claim 11, Park anticipates the claim of the system further comprising means for importing or exporting the stencil for the job definition statement that is managed as data in file form, by teaching that a job may be created through a combination of workflow rules defined in a workflow template file (e.g., an XML file) and end-user input from the browser interface. The workflow rules of the template and user input may be interpreted by a common gateway interface to dynamically create a job specification file. Once configured, this technique simplifies the process of defining jobs since it provides a browser interface for user input and automatically generates separate job specification files for each distinct set of user inputs *[paragraph 41, lines 4-18]*.

#### **Claim 12**

11-9. Regarding claim 12, it is similar to claim 1 except that it claims a computer readable medium comprising code instead of a method. Therefore, it is rejected under the same reasons as claim 1 above. See section 9-1.

Park anticipates the claim of a computer readable medium having a program comprising code for storing a stencil for a job definition statement, by teaching a template script contained within a workflow template file *[paragraph 56, lines 5-7]* along with workflow markup that sets the workflow rules *[paragraph 44, lines 1-3]* used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates data prescribing a user interface for job definition statement setup, by teaching that a job may be created through end-user input from a browser interface *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates generating data for executing a process for generating a job definition statement based on contents set by a user via the user interface in accordance with the stencil for the job definition statement and the data prescribing the user interface for job definition statement setup and generating the job definition statement by executing the process in accordance with the generated data, by teaching a technique for creating a job that automatically generates separate job specification files for each distinct set of user inputs *[paragraph 41, lines 15-18]* by using a workflow template file (containing a template script and workflow markup) along with user input *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

### **Claim 13**

11-10. Regarding claim 13, Park anticipates a computer readable storage medium having a program comprising code for generating a job definition statement based on contents set by a user via a user interface in accordance with a stencil for the job definition statement and data prescribing the user interface for job definition statement setup, by teaching a technique for creating a job that automatically generates separate job specification files for each distinct set of user inputs *[paragraph 41, lines 15-18]* by using a workflow template file (containing a template script) along with user input *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates data prescribing the user interface for job definition statement setup, by teaching that a job may be created through end-user input from a browser interface *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

#### **Claim 14**

11-11. Regarding claim 14, it is similar to claim 1 except that it claims a computer readable medium comprising means for claim 1 instead of a method. Therefore, it is rejected under the same reasons as claim 1 above. See section 9-1.

Park anticipates the claim of a computer readable medium having a program for storing a stencil for a job definition statement, by teaching a template script contained within a workflow template file *[paragraph 56, lines 5-7]* along with workflow markup that sets the workflow rules *[paragraph 44, lines 1-3]* used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates data prescribing a user interface for job definition statement setup, by teaching that a job may be created through end-user input from a browser interface *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates generating data for executing a process for generating a job definition statement based on contents set by a user via the user interface in accordance with the stencil for the job definition statement and the data prescribing the user interface for job definition statement setup and generating the job definition statement by executing the process in accordance with the generated data, by teaching a technique for creating a job that automatically generates separate job specification

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files for each distinct set of user inputs *[paragraph 41, lines 15-18]* by using a workflow template file (containing a template script and workflow markup) along with user input *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

#### **Claims 16-20**

11-12. Regarding claim 16, Park anticipates a storage system which includes a storage device *[figure 1, reference character 112]* for storing data for use in an operation server and a management server *[figure 1, reference character 104]* for managing the operation of the storage device, defining a job targeted for execution as a policy rule, and executing a process in compliance with the policy rule (server “104” implements the methods of the invention disclosed by Park *[paragraph 21, lines 1-4]*), the storage system comprising a storage section configured to store information about data concerning the policy rule and data prescribing a user interface for setting the policy rule, by teaching that a job specification file may describe a single job and may be stored in the memory 112 *[paragraph 34, lines 5-7]*.

Park anticipates a policy wizard GUI (browser interface used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 50, lines 1-3]*) which is configured to read the element attribute information about a policy rule from the storage section, process an element of a wizard page defining a guidance window for policy setup, and generate a wizard window, by teaching that based upon the workflow markup, the instantiator CGI creates one or more workflow forms into which a user can enter workflow configuration information via the browser *[paragraph 52, lines 1-4]*.

Park anticipates the policy wizard GUI configured to enter policy rule setup information via the user interface in compliance with an instruction displayed by the generated window, by teaching that the user enters workflow configuration information via the browser *[paragraph 52, lines 1-4]*, which is verified and if the input does not meet all necessary criteria, the interface re-prompts the user so that data can be re-entered *[paragraph 53, lines 1-7]*, the configuration information used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 54, lines 1-5]*.

Park anticipates the policy wizard GUI configured to generate a policy rule in accordance with an information set via the user interface, by teaching that the browser interface is used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 54, lines 1-5]*.

11-13. Regarding claim 17, Park anticipates the claim of the system wherein the policy rule set via the user interface is stored in XML format in the storage section, by teaching that the job specification file is in XML format *[paragraph 41, lines 2-3]*.

11-14. Regarding claim 18, Park anticipates the claim of the system wherein a policy template, defining data for executing a policy rule generation process in accordance with contents set by a user via the user interface, contains information about a policy guidance window serving as the user interface and information about a generated policy definition XML file, by teaching a workflow template file contains any or all of the elements that are valid in a job specification file. These elements form the set of general

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workflow configuration instructions that are used when the user inputs configuration information via the browser *[paragraph 56, lines 1-5]*.

11-15. Regarding claim 19, Park anticipates the claim of the system wherein the policy rule generated by the policy wizard GUI is delivered to a policy execution engine and registered, by teaching that once a job specification is created, it is instantiated into the server and started in the server-side workflow subsystem *[paragraph 54, lines 8-10]*.

11-16. Regarding claim 20, Park anticipates the claim of the system wherein the storage section stores beforehand information about instances of data concerning the policy rule and information about instances of data prescribing a user interface for setting the policy rule, by teaching that a user may select a workflow template for defining a job *[paragraph 50, lines 1-3]*.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

13. Claims 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Park et al (Pub No US 2001/0039594 A1).



### Claims 6-8

13-1. Regarding claim 6, Park teaches the invention substantially as claimed. See sections 11-1 and 11-4. Park teaches the claim of a job management method comprising storing a stencil for a job definition statement, by teaching a template script contained within a workflow template file *[paragraph 56, lines 5-7]* along with workflow markup that sets the workflow rules *[paragraph 44, lines 1-3]* used to create a job specification file *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates data prescribing a user interface for job definition statement setup, by teaching that a job may be created through end-user input from a browser interface *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park anticipates generating data for executing a process for generating a job definition statement based on contents set by a user via the user interface in accordance with the stencil for the job definition statement and the data prescribing the user interface for job definition statement setup and generating the job definition statement by executing the process in accordance with the generated data, by teaching a technique for creating a job that automatically generates separate job specification files for each distinct set of user inputs *[paragraph 41, lines 15-18]* by using a workflow template file (containing a template script and workflow markup) along with user input *[paragraph 41, lines 4-7]*.

Park teaches the claim of the method wherein the user interface is capable of opening a window, which is organized to prompt a user for setup, in order to prompt the

user to set the job definition statement, by teaching a browser interface GUI that lets a user select a workflow template, such as from a menu item *[paragraph 50, lines 1-3]*.

Park teaches that based on the workflow markup, the instantiator CGI creates one or more workflow forms into which a user can enter workflow configuration information via the browser *[paragraph 52, lines 1-4]*. The workflow markup is written in XML *[paragraph 41, lines 5-6]*.

Park does not expressly disclose the data prescribing the user interface for setting the job definition statement contains control data for specifying whether or not to display a window that can open subsequently to a preceding window depending on a user response to the preceding window.

However, examiner takes Official Notice that XML is capable of opening a window subsequent to a preceding window depending on a user response to the preceding window.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to allow the multiple workflow forms used to enter workflow configuration data to be displayed on multiple windows selectable by the user in order to better organize the layout of configuration information presented to the user, since examiner takes Official Notice that it is well known that XML is capable of opening a window subsequent to a preceding window depending on a user response to the preceding window..

13-2. Regarding claim 7, Park teaches the invention substantially as claimed. See section 11-1. Park teaches that a template script can insert text into a job specification programmatically *[paragraph 59, lines 6-7]* using the Perl programming language *[paragraph 58, line 2]*.

Park does not expressly disclose the stencil for the job definition statement contains, in accordance with a user selection made via the user interface, a definition statement for invalidating a specific description written in the stencil.

However, examiner takes Official Notice that the Perl programming language contains conditional statements, which can be used to invalidate a specific description or portion of text.

Since the template script defines the workflow markups *[paragraph 56, lines 6-7]* used to create workflow forms into which a user enters workflow configuration information via a browser *[paragraph 52, lines 1-4]*, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a definition statement for invalidating a specific description in the stencil by using the conditional statements provided by the Perl programming language in order to allow the user to have better control of text inserted into the job specification programmatically, since examiner takes Official Notice that it is well known that the Perl programming language contains conditional statements.

13-3. Regarding claim 8, Park teaches the invention substantially as claimed. See section 11-1. Park teaches that the template script can insert text into a job specification

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programmatically *[paragraph 59, lines 6-7]* using the Perl programming language *[paragraph 58, line 2]*.

Park does not expressly disclose the stencil for the job definition statement contains, in accordance with a user selection made via the user interface, a definition statement issuing an instruction for generating a job definition statement in which a specific description written in the stencil is repeatedly written

However, examiner takes Official Notice that the Perl programming language contains loop statements, which can be used to repeatedly write a specific description or portion of text.

Since the template script defines the workflow markups *[paragraph 56, lines 6-7]* used to create workflow forms into which a user enters workflow configuration information via a browser *[paragraph 52, lines 1-4]*, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a definition statement for invalidating a specific description in the stencil by using the loop statements provided by the Perl programming language in order to allow the user to have better control of text inserted into the job specification programmatically, since examiner takes Official Notice that it is well known that the Perl programming language contains loop statements.

### **Conclusion**

14. The prior art made of record on attached form PTO-892 and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 C.F.R

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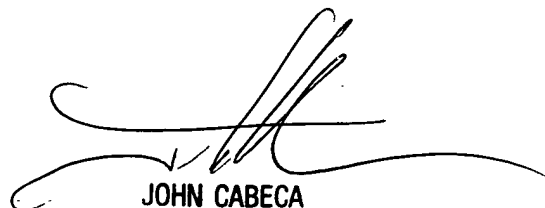
1.111(c) to consider these references fully when responding to this action. The documents cited therein teach similar systems for job management.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alvin H. Tan whose telephone number is 571-272-8595. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached on 571-272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AHT  
Assistant Examiner  
Art Unit 2173



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PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER  
ELECTRONIC BUSINESS CENTER